The attendees will learn about sulfur recovery processes such

Course Outline

Introduction and Overview

The attendees will learn gas specifications and process selection criteria; both common and unusual impurities in raw gas such as HoS, COo, Hg, COS, S, etc; overview of economic application ranges for treating processes; trace sulfur compounds and odorants. Example treating situations from an international perspective applying basic principles and important conversions will also be taught. An emphasis on safety will be maintained throughout. · Specifications and Process Selection Criteria · Basic Principles and Important Conversions

In this section the attendees will learn about the amines in commercial use such as MEA, DEA, DGA, DIPA, MDEA with solution properties, concentrations, and operating parameters; amine/acid gas chemistry; amine selection;

environmentally unacceptable gas; solution degradation;

trayed and packed tower comparison; filtration and foaming issues; operating upsets leading to off-specification and

reclaiming techniques. Computer simulation of an amine plant is presented along with hand calculation examples. · Amine Types, Process Overview and Applications · Operating Parameters

- · Operating Problems
- Foaming
- Corrosion
- Degradation

Amines (continued)

· Computer Simulation Including MDEA

Sulfinol Processes

Both Sulfinol-D and -M are discussed in routine gas treating applications as well as trace sulfur removal and cascade Sulfinol.

Flexsorb

The attendees will recieve an overview of Flexsorb SE. PS and HP presented with reference to both gas treating and tail-gas clean up applications.

Carbonate Processes

The attendees will learn the various hot carbonate plant configurations; loading/conversion calculations and operating issues, salting out; corrosion; activators and applications of this process.

- Type and Process Overview
- · Operating Parameters
- · Operating Problems
- Calculations

Physical Absorption Processes

· Absorption Theory Principles

The attendees will learn applications of physical solvents and their advantages and disadvantages; flash and heated regeneration, example on hydrocarbon co-absorption, differences between physical and chemical solvents, underlying theory of absorption and key principles; detailed discussion of Selexol; overview of other physical solvents such as propylene carbonate, Rectisol/Purisol, etc. Applications

- Physical Absorption Processes (continued)
- Water
- Selexol
- · Other Physical Solvents Overview
- Fluor Solvent
- Propylene Solvent
- Rectisol / Purisol
- Other

Selective Treating

The attendees will learn selective HaS removal using MDEA and Selexol with worked examples on two gas fields. They will see the selectivity of the various amines and Selexol.

MDEA

DAY

· Selexol

Metallurgical Issues

Instruction materials address sour service, NACE/ISO MR0175 sulfide stress cracking (SSC), hydrogen induced cracking (HIC); corrosion, steels and alloys in use. · Material Selection for Sour Gas Processing

Other Technologies / New Developments

as membranes for treating and dehydration, condensation in membranes, different membrane materials, single stage and recycle membranes, gas fractionation, extractive distillation, e.g. Ryan-Holmes, IFPEXOL, combination processes (membrane/amine), etc.

The attendees will learn about important technologies such

- Membranes
- · Ryan-Holmes / Fractionation Processes
- · Other Emerging Technologies
- · Others Including Combination Processes

Solid Bed and Non-Regenerable Processes

The attendees will learn the range of commercially-proven solid bed

processes such as Sulfatreat, iron oxide, zinc oxide, metal oxides, Sulfa-Check, doped charcoal, doped alumina, molecular sieve. etc.: advantages and disadvantages, economic ranges; waste disposal

- issues. · Iron Sponge
- · Mol Sieve
- · Zinc Oxide
- · Other Processes

Liquid Treating

The attendees will learn the range of processes for various contaminant levels in hydrocarbon liquids; how sweet gas can produce sour NGL; removal of the H₂S, CO₂, COS, RSH, (mercaptan) including extraction processes, etc.; distribution of contaminants between NGL components.

Sulfur Recovery

as Claus, Selectox; EUROClaus LOCAT, SulFerox, SuperClaus, CBA, MCRC, Sulfreen, operational problems, computer simulation of Claus process; required recovery levels; affect of acid gas H_oS/CO_o ratio; H_oS/SO_o ratio control; hydrocarbons

in acid gas H₂S content; split-flow; sulfur recycle; reaction

schemes; sulfur dewpoint; oxygen enrichment. Also taught will

be Redox processes such as LOCAT, SulFerox, etc.; economic

equilibrium; catalysts; individual and combination reheat

comparison of Redox processes on full sour gas and acid gas-only streams.

· Claus Process - Process Overview

- Operating Parameters
- Simulation - Operating Problems
- Effect of CO. · Liquid Oxidation Processes
- LOCAT / SulFerox
- Stretford
- Other

Tail Gas The attendees will learn the issues in process selection;

· SCOT CBA / Sulfreen / MCRC

Others

General Workshop

The attendees will participate in a class workshop to evaluate

and the instructor. This consolidates the participant's knowledge acquired in earlier sections of the course with actual example gas compositions and problems. Attendees are encouraged to bring operating problems and actual gas composition information to this seminar/discussion session. · Open discussion on gas analyses / problems brought to

operating problems and gas analyses provided by attendees

characteristics of the available processes including SCOT,

CBA, MCRC, Sulfreen, FlexSorb SE, ATS, BSRP, advantages/

disadvantages; typical operating conditions; recovery levels.

seminar by attendees. Course Review and Summary

The attendees will participate in a broad overview of the key learning points presented during the seminar.

Note: Course schedule is approximate and may be adjusted for location and participant interest.

This G6 course and the RF61 have much material in common. RF61 gives more emphasis to oil refinery aspects of gas sweetening, SRU, sour water and tail gas.